




Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments
Funded With United States Government Family Planning Funds

FY 2019

March 2020

A satellite view of Earth at night, showing the curvature of the planet and numerous city lights glowing across the dark surface. The lights are concentrated in major urban areas and along coastlines, creating a pattern of bright yellow and orange spots against the dark blue and black of the night sky and the planet's surface.

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Abstract

The *Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Deliveries*, an annual publication, summarizes contraceptive and condom shipments sponsored by USAID, by value and unit.

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Acronyms

CSL	Commodity Security and Logistics
DMPA-SC	subcutaneous depot medroxyprogesterone acetate
FP	family planning
FY	fiscal year
IUD	intrauterine copper device
LAC	Latin America and the Caribbean
LARC	long acting and reversible contraception
NGO	non-governmental organization
OHA	Office of HIV and AIDS
OPRH	Office of Population and Reproductive Health
PEPFAR	U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief
RH	reproductive health
SMO	social marketing organization
USAID	U.S. Agency for International Development

Overview of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries

The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) has provided commodities for family planning and reproductive health activities since the mid-1960s. Thanks to USAID and other international donors, the use rates for contraceptives and condoms have increased in most parts of the world.

In fiscal year (FY) 2019 the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) provided voluntary family planning and reproductive health (FP/RH) commodities through missions in Africa, Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC), and the Middle East. No shipments were made in FY 2019 to Europe or Eurasia.

In 1990, USAID created a centralized system to support global efforts in providing contraceptives: The Central Contraceptive Procurement Project. The system is administered by the Commodity Security and Logistics (CSL) division of USAID's Office of Population and Reproductive Health (OPRH), which provides technical leadership, ensures quality of commodities, improves supply chain and logistics management in developing countries, and maintains a database for USAID commodity assistance. Missions determine the quantity and type of contraceptives needed for their FP programs and place orders with the designated USAID supply chain procurement contractor.

USAID reports on contraceptive and condom shipments within a given fiscal year. This document reports on commodities that were delivered in FY 2019. Editions of this report before FY 2018 focused on commodities that had been shipped to countries as opposed to those that were delivered. With increased accessibility of data, reporting of delivered commodities is now possible. For more details on USAID's change in reporting methodology, see the *FY 2018 Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments*.

This report summarizes the FY 2019 delivered quantities and value of contraceptives and FP-funded condoms, providing comparisons with FY 2018, and presents the 10-year trends from FY 2010 to 2019. This report only includes analysis on condoms procured with family planning (FP) funds from FY 2017 onward, as management of condom procurement for global health programs shifted from the Office of Population and Reproductive Health (OPRH) to the Office of HIV/AIDS (OHA) in 2017. Condoms delivered through the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) funding are not reported, as is reflected in the decreased number of male condoms, when compared to historical data that represent PEPFAR- and FP-funded condoms. The overall U.S. government investment in condoms has not decreased, and information on condoms funded through PEPFAR can be obtained from OHA.

Total delivered value in FY 2019 decreased overall, driven by decreases in value and quantities of implants and injectables. Global procurers and partners in this sector have operated this year in an environment of supply constraint. Some countries saw their orders divided in two or three deliveries over the year, and certain deliveries were shifted to later dates. Africa was one of the main drivers behind this decline, with a 25 percent decrease in delivered value, while accounting for 87 percent of total global delivered value. Also, five countries in the Africa region had large reductions in value ranging from 25 percent to 49 percent.

This report is organized into three sections: worldwide overview by commodity type, by USAID region, and by commodity type.

Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries

This section summarizes the delivered value and quantities for all contraceptives and condoms delivered in FY 2019 globally. The worldwide delivered value by region is discussed, followed by the delivered value and quantities by method and program type.

The total value of contraceptives and condoms delivered was \$39.1 million in FY 2019, a decrease of 24 percent from \$51.5 million in FY 2018 (see Exhibit 1). However, the value of male condoms delivered went up by 35 percent to \$1.1 million. The decline in total delivered value was mainly driven by a 25 percent decrease in the quantity of contraceptives. Of this there were significant decreases in the value and quantity of implants and injectables due to global production constraints. Additionally, savings driven by sound decisions on strategic sourcing also contributed to the decline in total delivered value.

This decrease in value is reflected in Africa (\$45.3 million to \$34.1 million) and Asia (\$4.9 million to \$2.9 million) from FY 2018 to FY 2019. The Africa region, which comprises 87 percent of delivered value worldwide, had a 34 percent decrease in implants and a 22 percent decrease in injectable contraceptives. However, the value of male condoms funded through FP increased by 61 percent in the Africa region.

In FY 2019, Africa accounted for the largest amount of delivered value for contraceptives and condoms, with 87 percent of worldwide shipments, followed by Asia (7 percent), Latin America and the Caribbean (3 percent), and the Middle East (3 percent) (see Exhibit 2). This was the first time in four years shipments were made to the Middle East.

Exhibit 1. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value, FY 2010–19¹

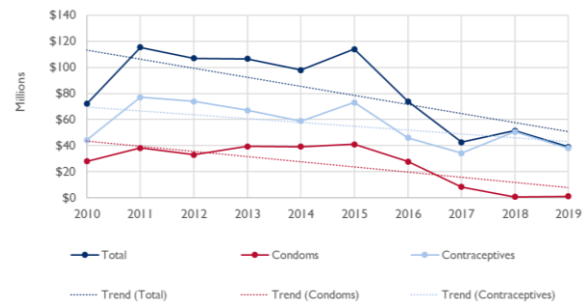


Exhibit 2. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

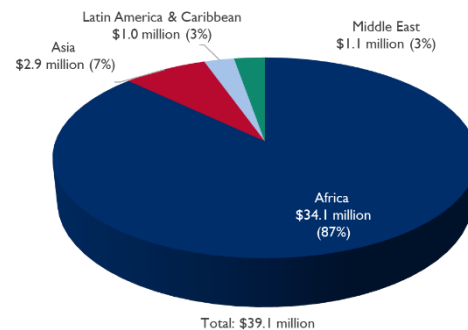
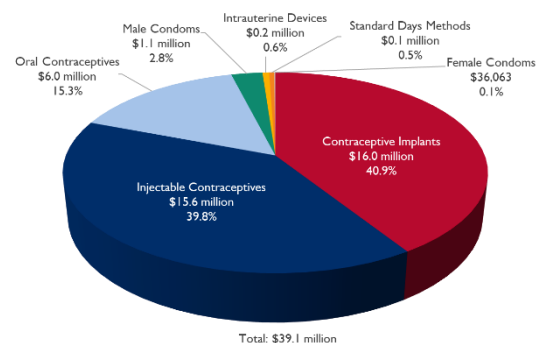


Exhibit 3. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method, FY 2019



¹ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

For the third year in a row there were no shipments to Europe and Eurasia. For quantities shipped by region see Annex A.

Contraceptive implants and injectables combined made up 80.7 percent of the total delivered value with 40.9 percent and 39.8 percent, respectively. This can be attributed to the popularity of these methods, as well as their higher price per unit cost compared with other methods. The use of long-acting and reversible contraceptives (LARCs), specifically implants and injectables, is increasing globally. Injectables continue to be the method of choice in sub-Saharan Africa, where they tend to be widely available and often make up a large part of a country's method mix. Also, contraceptive implant use is rising rapidly across almost all socio-demographic categories in many sub-Saharan African countries, which accounted for 96 percent of the total delivered value for implants. Several factors were behind this increase, including greater country commitment to ensuring access to a wider selection of methods, particularly through increasing availability of long-acting and reversible methods like implants. This method has many positive characteristics such as effectiveness, high client satisfaction rate, significantly reduced commodity cost, increased availability, and improved service delivery practices, such as task shifting to lower-level providers.

After these two methods, oral contraceptives (15.3 percent), male condoms (2.8 percent), and IUDs (0.6 percent), Standard Days Methods (0.5 percent) and female condoms (0.1 percent) make up the total value (see Exhibit 3).

All regions experienced a decrease in the value of deliveries during the reporting period. Along with Africa (25 percent) and Asia (40 percent), LAC's value decreased by 20 percent (see Exhibit 4).

Although there were decreases in implants and injectables, IUDs (38 percent), male condoms (35 percent), and oral contraceptives (10 percent) showed an increase in value (Exhibit 5).

Despite an overall decrease in value resulting from the addition of new suppliers for these methods and subsequent cost savings, implants and injectables still constituted most of the contraceptive quantities delivered. This, along with the increase in IUD quantities delivered in FY 2019 reflects the continuing trend towards uptake of and preference for LARC methods.

Because of the significant increase in FY 2018, countries may have brought stock levels up in 2018 which may account for part of the decrease in FY 2019.

Exhibit 4. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2017–19²

Region	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Africa	34,837,219	45,267,028	34,050,393	-25%
Asia	5,810,006	4,883,818	2,932,310	-40%
Europe and Eurasia	0	0	0	0%
Latin America and Caribbean	2,000,047	1,319,557	1,053,035	-20%
Middle East	0	0	1,070,104	100%
Total	\$42,647,272	\$51,470,403	\$39,105,842	-24%

Exhibit 5. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method, FY 2017–19³

Commodity	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Contraceptive Implant	12,603,392	23,445,621	16,012,352	-32%
Injectable Contraceptive	14,578,613	21,018,000	15,579,974	-26%
Intrauterine Device	113,348	171,030	236,577	38%
Male Condoms	6,966,058	812,823	1,096,405	35%
Oral Contraceptive	7,001,313	5,410,962	5,967,942	10%
Standard Days Method	0	611,967	176,529	-71%
Female Condom	1,384,548	0	36,063	100%
Total	\$42,647,272	\$51,470,403	\$39,105,842	-24%

Exhibit 6. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Quantities Delivered by Method, FY 2017–19⁴

Commodity	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Contraceptive Implant	1,820,440	2,676,092	1,796,044	-33%
Injectable Contraceptive	15,475,000	22,790,980	17,487,195	-23%
Intrauterine Device	136,200	205,400	414,600	102%
Male Condoms	221,289,900	28,023,000	37,122,000	32%
Oral Contraceptive	22,393,160	16,800,080	19,273,112	15%
Standard Days Method	0	350,500	112,000	-68%
Female Condom	3,454,000	0	63,000	100%

² FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

³ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

⁴ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Along with the decrease in value, the quantities of contraceptive implants also decreased by 33 percent, injectable contraceptives by 23 percent, and the Standard Days Method by 68 percent. IUDs increased by 102 percent and oral contraceptive quantities by 15 percent (see Exhibit 6).

Government programs received 70 percent of worldwide contraceptive and FP/RH condom delivered value in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 7). Social marketing organizations (SMOs) received 27 percent and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) received 3 percent.

While the value received by government programs remains nearly the same as FY 2018, the portion of government funding rose from 54 to 70 percent because of decreases in delivered value to SMOs and NGOs (see Exhibit 8). The delivered value to SMOs decreased by 24 percent and NGOs decreased by 88 percent. Anecdotal reports from program staff suggest a shift by these organizations toward procuring their own products rather than relying on donors. In absolute terms, delivered value decreased from \$12.4 million to \$10.5 million for SMOs and \$11.2 million to \$1.3 million for NGOs in FY 2018 and FY 2019, respectively.

Exhibit 9 supplements Exhibit 7 by providing the disaggregated delivered value by method for each program type.

Exhibit 7. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2019

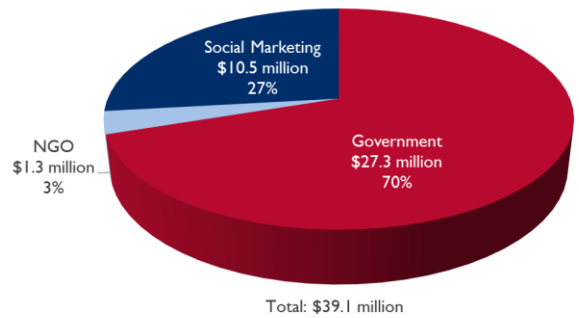


Exhibit 8. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value Trend by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2010–19⁵

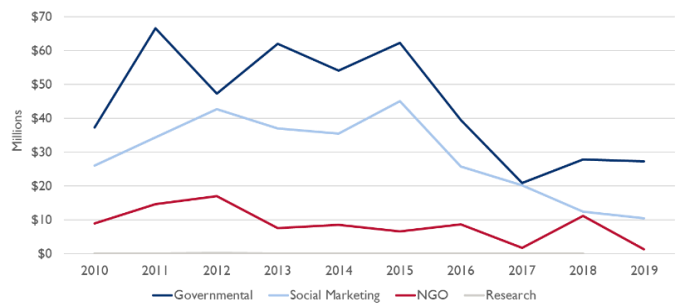


Exhibit 9. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type and Method, Worldwide, FY 2019

Program Type	Contraceptive Implants	Injectable Contraceptives	Intrauterine Devices	Male Condoms	Oral Contraceptives	Standard Days Method	Female Condoms	Total
Government	14,103,949	8,282,734	188,552	942,218	3,634,893	176,529	1,590	27,330,466
SMO	1,351,080	6,971,004	19,817	145,794	1,997,181	0	0	10,484,876
NGO	557,323	326,236	28,208	8,393	335,868	0	34,472	1,290,500
Total	\$16,012,352	\$15,579,974	\$236,577	\$1,096,405	\$5,967,942	\$176,529	\$36,063	\$39,105,842

⁵ FY 2010-17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018-19 are delivered shipment data.

Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries to Africa

The total delivered value to Africa decreased by 25 percent. This was driven mainly by reductions in contraceptive implants and injectables (see Exhibit 10). The value of deliveries to Africa in FY 2019 totaled \$34 million.

In total 18 African countries requested commodities in FY 2019, down from 19 in FY 2018. This shift, part of a longer term trend, was likely the result of policy changes that emphasized the importance of country-led procurement, countries maintaining FP2020 commitments for funding by budgeting a line item for commodities, and corresponding decreases in procurement funds in line with USAID’s push toward the Journey to Self-Reliance.

Implants accounted for the largest delivered value (44.92 percent) followed by injectable contraceptives (35.46 percent), oral contraceptives (15.62 percent), male condoms (2.92 percent), and IUDs (0.55 percent), Standard Days Methods (0.52 percent) and female condoms (0.01 percent) (see Exhibit 11).

Five African countries made up 56 percent of the total delivered value in the region. The top five receiving countries were nearly the same as last year with the exception of Ghana (replaced by Rwanda): Uganda (16 percent), Nigeria (12 percent), Rwanda (10 percent), Madagascar (9 percent), and Malawi (9 percent) (see Exhibit 12). The other 13 countries accounted for the remaining 44 percent in delivered value.

The proportion of value delivered to government programs increased to 77.7 percent in FY 2019, but the total value delivered value to government programs remained nearly the same as the previous year (see Exhibit 13).

Exhibit 10. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, FY 2010–19⁶

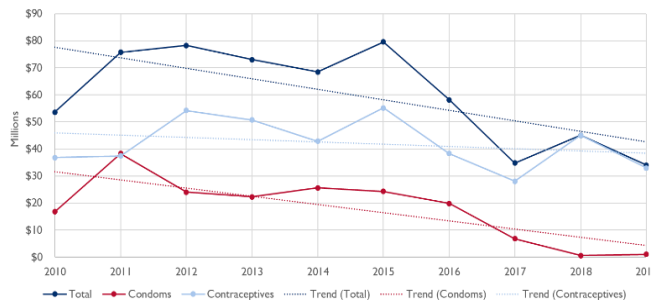


Exhibit 11. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method to Africa, FY 2019

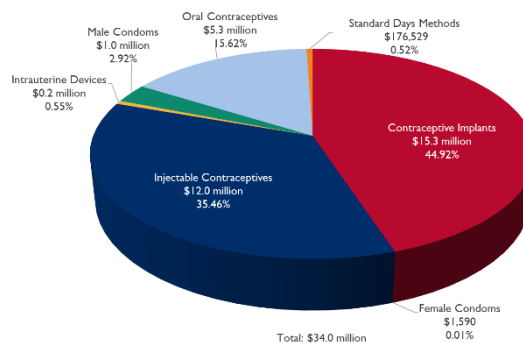
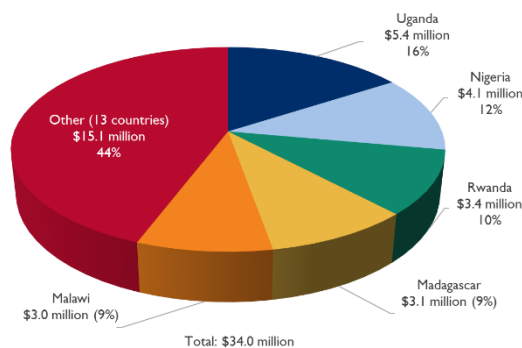


Exhibit 12. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, Major Receiving Countries, FY 2019



⁶ FY 2010-17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018-19 are delivered shipment data

This was mainly due to a decrease in delivered value to NGOs from \$11.2 million in FY 2018 to \$0.2 million in FY 2019, decreasing their proportion from 25 percent in FY 2018 to 0.5 percent in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 14). SMOs value increased slightly from \$7.1 million in FY 2018 to \$7.4 million (21.9 percent) in FY 2019. The changes could be partially attributed to the increase in implants where governments are traditionally the distributors of these methods and the decrease in oral contraceptives and condoms that are socially marketed.

Benin, Senegal, and Guinea had large increases in value delivered of 4,878, 268, and 213 percent, respectively (see Exhibit 15). In countries with the five highest delivered values, Rwanda and Nigeria had increases from the previous year (82 percent and 23 percent, respectively).

Furthermore, some countries with high delivered value (above \$1 million) had decreases in delivered value, including Ghana (59 percent), Mozambique (49 percent), Uganda (42 percent), Zambia (36 percent), Malawi (25 percent), and Tanzania (10 percent).

The following provides insight into the factors behind those countries with large increases and decreases in FY 2019 total delivered value of procurement as shown in Exhibit 15.

Part of the increase for Rwanda can be attributed to increase in uptake of long-term methods and the reprogramming of USAID funding originally obligated for other purposes. Nigeria's order for implants in FY 2018 was delivered in FY 2019 due to supply constraints. Nigeria also saw an overall increase in commitments from other funders.

Senegal's implementation of its current national family planning strategy has resulted in increased consumption due to improved availability of products, leading to better service offerings and demand creation. Also, the country relaunched their community-level distribution of condoms that also contributed to increased consumption.

Exhibit 13. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2019

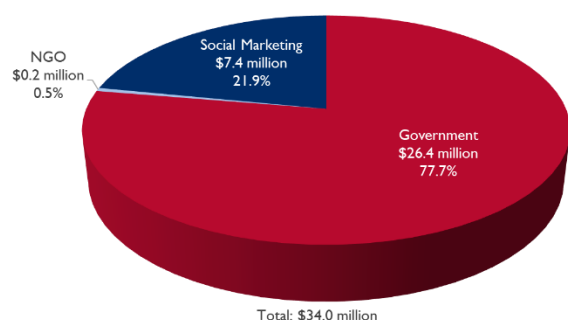
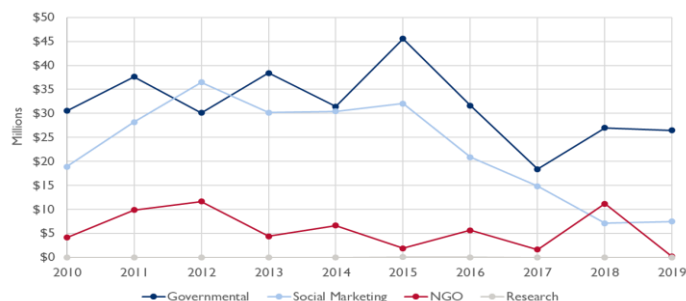


Exhibit 14. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2010--19⁷



In Ghana, UNFPA covered a larger proportion of contraceptive procurement in FY 2019 and a large order of male condoms was cancelled due to manufacturer issues. Also, Ghana received a large USAID-funded procurement of implants and injectable contraceptives in FY 2018. In Mozambique, other donors made significant commodity funding contributions, which in turn was a main factor behind Mozambique's decrease in funding from USAID. Also, the country shifted procurement from depot medroxyprogesterone acetate intramuscular (DMPA-IM) to subcutaneous depot medroxyprogesterone acetate (DMPA-SC), an order that then suffered delays because of production constraints. Lastly, the country closed FY 2018 with ample stock of IUDs, thereby reducing procurement of that method in FY 2019.

⁷ FY 2010-17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018-19 are delivered shipment data.

In Malawi, other development partners provided a larger portion of funding for FP commodities and subsequently less funding was needed by USAID to fill the funding gap.

Stock of implants and oral contraceptives was sufficient and therefore additional orders were not needed in FY 2019 for Uganda. Also, orders for socially marketed commodities decreased significantly in FY 2019 compared with the previous year due to a program gap.

Cameroon, Ethiopia, Kenya, and Togo received shipments in FY 2018 but did not in FY 2019. Except for Ethiopia, each closed FY 2018 with relatively high inventory of some methods at the central level.⁸ Burkina Faso, Mauritania, and Niger received shipments in FY 2019 but not the previous year.

For the quantities of each method delivered by country see Annex B.

Exhibit 15. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Africa by Country, FY 2017–19⁹

Country	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Benin	115,333	2,066	102,845	4878%
Burkina Faso	25,583	0	985,088	100%
Cameroon	0	99,178	0	-100%
DRC	725,422	1,484,302	1,457,478	-2%
Côte d'Ivoire	863,627	0	0	0%
eSwatini	182,991	0	0	0%
Ethiopia	4,046,398	3,067,888	0	-100%
Ghana	1,290,781	4,873,304	1,982,105	-59%
Guinea	0	28,219	88,197	213%
Kenya	739,045	2,945,014	0	-100%
Liberia	382,155	630,170	802,174	27%
Madagascar	1,220,514	3,472,973	3,149,597	-9%
Malawi	2,251,790	3,894,578	2,915,612	-25%
Mali	2,974,581	1,861,998	2,316,519	24%
Mauritania	0	0	124,817	0%
Mozambique	4,214,833	2,770,078	1,418,502	-49%
Niger	242,110	0	516,094	100%
Nigeria	4,042,027	3,310,192	4,078,761	23%
Rwanda	586,552	1,890,613	3,445,127	82%
Senegal	335,030	390,656	1,437,655	268%
Tanzania	3,132,085	2,653,371	2,391,301	-10%
Togo	51,287	252,130	0	-100%
Uganda	5,077,824	9,395,213	5,403,935	-42%
Zambia	1,211,418	2,245,084	1,434,587	-36%
Zimbabwe	1,125,833	0	0	0%
Total Africa	\$34,837,219	\$45,267,028	\$34,050,393	-25%

⁸ These data are taken from the Procurement Planning and Monitoring Report (PPMR).

⁹ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries to Asia

The total contraceptive and condom delivered value to Asia in FY 2019 was \$2.9 million, continuing a decline in delivered value starting in FY 2018. (see Exhibit 16). Pakistan is now assuming responsibility for procuring its own contraceptives, and USAID focuses on providing technical assistance and advocating for adequate financing to ensure contraceptive commodity security. The number of countries in Asia ordering commodities increased from two countries in FY 2018 to three in FY 2019. Fifty-three percent of the value of contraceptives delivered went to Bangladesh. SMOs were the recipients of most commodities.

Injectable contraceptives continue to represent the largest proportion with 93 percent of the delivered value to Asia in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 17). Male condoms (3 percent), contraceptive implants (3 percent), and IUDs (1 percent) made up the rest of the delivered value. Oral contraceptives, female condoms, and the Standard Days Method were not shipped to Asia in FY 2019.

Afghanistan, Bangladesh and Nepal, accounted for all deliveries to Asia in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 18). Bangladesh continued to account for the largest proportion of the delivered value (53 percent), followed by Nepal (45 percent) and Afghanistan (2 percent).

The 40 percent decrease in value overall for Asia is mainly accounted for by Bangladesh's 58 percent decrease in value delivered. Shipments designated to support the Rohingya crisis in previous years resulted in a decrease this year as support for the crisis ceased. In addition, supply constraints in DMPA-SC and IM resulted in longer lead times and deliveries pushed to subsequent years.

Exhibit 16. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, FY 2010–19¹⁰

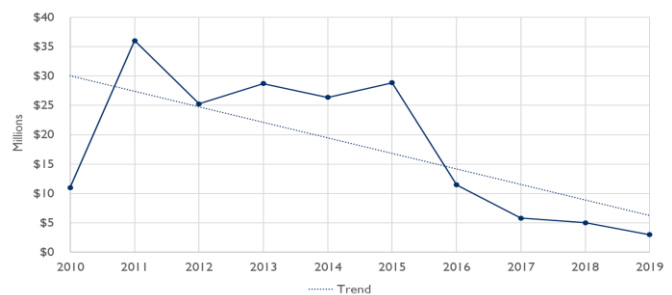


Exhibit 17. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia by Method, FY 2019

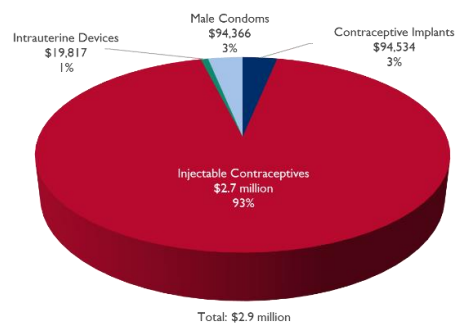
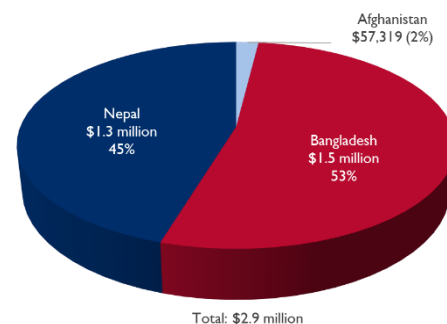


Exhibit 18. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Country, FY 2019



¹⁰ FY 2010-17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018-19 are delivered shipment data.

Meanwhile, Nepal’s value delivered increased by 13 percent. This was the first time Afghanistan received shipments since FY 2017 (see Exhibit 19).

SMOs in Asia received most commodities, accounting for 98 percent, followed by NGOs who received 2 percent. Government programs, which accounted for 18 percent last year, did not receive any contraceptives in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 20).

Although the delivered value to SMOs in Asia continues to receive the largest proportion, their delivered value decreased by 28 percent. This reflects the continued shift by SMOs toward procuring their own commodities. In the case of SMOs in Bangladesh, delays in procuring injectables due to supply constraints also contributed to the decrease in value. This was the first time since 2014 that NGOs received commodities (see Exhibit 21).

Exhibit 20. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Program, FY 2019



Exhibit 21. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Program Type, FY 2010–19¹¹

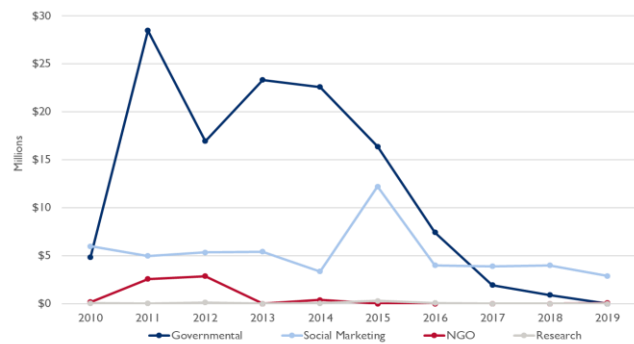


Exhibit 19. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered to Asia, by Country, FY 2017–19¹²

Country	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018-19 (%)
Afghanistan	2,002,107	0	57,319.27	100%
Bangladesh	2,743,054	3,712,834	1,546,531.86	-58%
Nepal	1,040,820	1,170,984	1,328,458.86	13%
Tajikistan	24,025	0	0	0%
Total Asia	5,810,006	4,883,818	2,932,310	-40%

¹¹ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

¹² FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries to Latin America and the Caribbean

The total delivered value for LAC was \$1.1 million in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 22). As a result of countries' achievements in contraceptive prevalence and the USAID "graduation" process, programs are transitioning away from USAID funding. This contributed to the continued downward trend in value delivered, a decrease of 20 percent in FY 2019. Haiti, again, accounted for all contraceptives with all commodities going to government and SMOs.

Injectable contraceptives made up most (64 percent) of the delivered value in the LAC region. Oral contraceptives accounted for 30 percent, followed by implants at 6 percent (see Exhibit 23). No IUDs, male condoms, female condoms or Standard Days Method were delivered to the LAC region in FY 2019.

A decrease of 20 percent of total delivered value occurred in the LAC region in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 24).

Exhibit 25 shows the value of deliveries to Haiti. The majority of deliveries were injectable contraceptives (\$0.7 million) followed by oral contraceptives (\$0.3 million) and implants (\$0.06 million).

Government (84 percent) and SMOs (16 percent) accounted for all deliveries in FY 2019. No commodities went to NGOs (see Exhibits 26 and 27).

Exhibit 22. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, FY 2010–19¹³

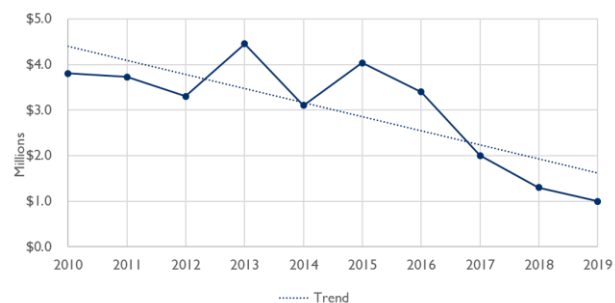


Exhibit 23. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Method, FY 2019

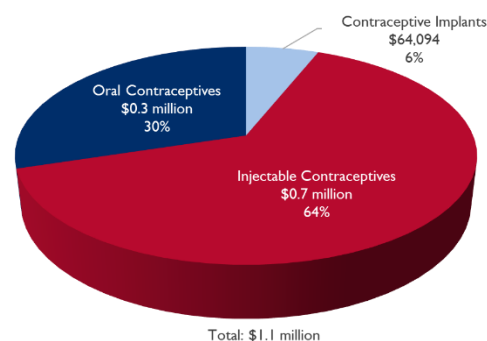


Exhibit 24. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to LAC, by Country, FY 2017–19

Country	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Dominican Republic	0	0	0	0%
Haiti	2,000,047	1,319,557	1,053,035	-20%
Honduras	0	0	0	0%
Total LAC	\$2,000,047	\$1,323,907	\$1,053,035	-20%

¹³ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Exhibit 25. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Haiti, by Method, FY 2017–19

Method	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018–19 (%)
Contraceptive Implants	158,980	64,094	-60%
Injectable Contraceptives	1,072,776	675,106	-37%
Intrauterine Devices	1,824	0	-100%
Male Condoms	0	0	0%
Oral Contraceptives	85,977	313,835	265%
Standard Days Methods	0	0	0%
Female Condoms	0	0	0%
Total	\$1,319,557	\$1,053,035	-20%

Exhibit 26. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Program Type, FY 2019

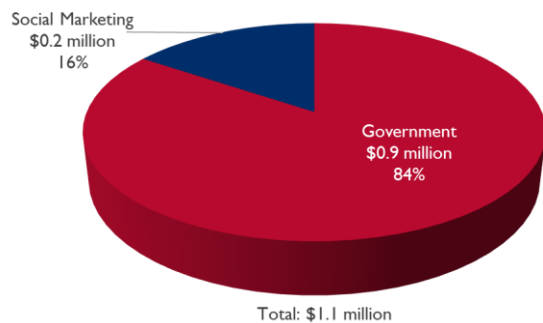
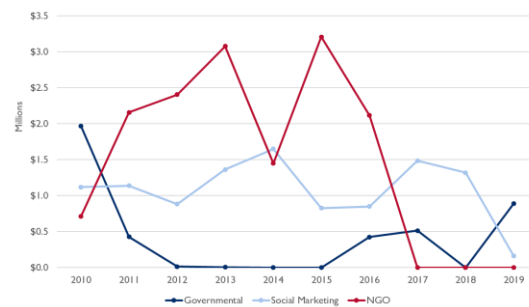


Exhibit 27. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Program Type, FY 2010–19¹⁴



¹⁴ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Deliveries to the Middle East

The total delivered value for the Middle East was \$1.1 million in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 28). This was the first shipment to this region since 2013. All commodities went to Yemen’s NGO programs as an emergency shipment to support USAID’s strategic priorities.

Implants made up most (52 percent) of the delivered value, followed by oral contraceptives (31 percent), injectable contraceptives (10 percent), IUDs (3 percent), female condoms (3 percent), and male condoms (1 percent). The Standard Days Method was not delivered to the region in FY 2019 (see Exhibits 29 and 30).

Exhibit 31 shows the value of deliveries to Yemen for each method. The majority of deliveries were implants (\$0.6 million), followed by oral contraceptives (\$0.3 million), injectable contraceptives (\$0.1 million), IUDs and female condoms (both \$0.03 million), and male condoms (\$8,393). All commodities went to NGO programs (see Exhibits 32 and 33).

Exhibit 28. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to the Middle East, FY 2010–19¹⁵

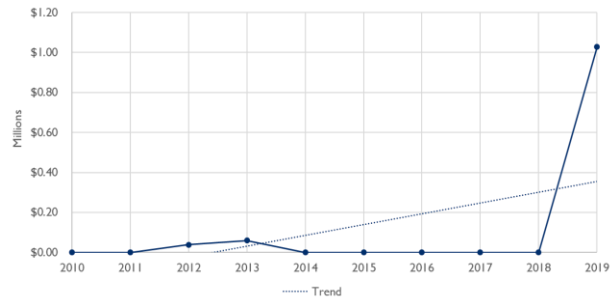


Exhibit 29. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to the Middle East, by Method, FY 2019

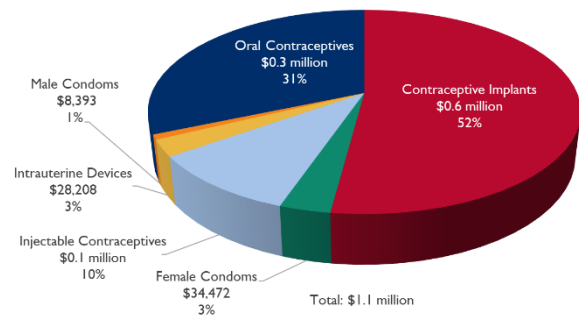


Exhibit 30. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to the Middle East, by Country, FY 2017–19

Country	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2018-19 (%)
Yemen	0	0	1,053,035	100%
Total Middle East	0	0	\$1,053,035	100%

¹⁵ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Exhibit 31. Total Value of Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Yemen, by Method, FY 2019

Method	FY 2019 (\$)	Total
Contraceptive Implants	557,323	557,323
Injectable Contraceptives	105,840	105,840
Intrauterine Devices	28,208	28,208
Male Condoms	8,393	8,393
Oral Contraceptives	335,868	335,868
Standard Days Method	0	0
Female Condoms	34,472	34,472
Total	\$1,053,035	\$1,053,035

Exhibit 32. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to the Middle East, by Program Type, FY 2019

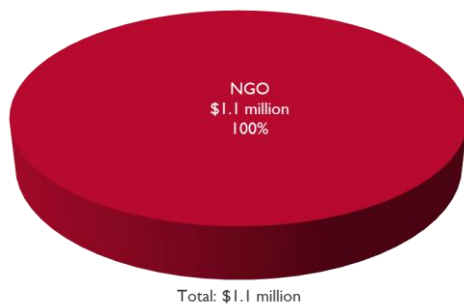
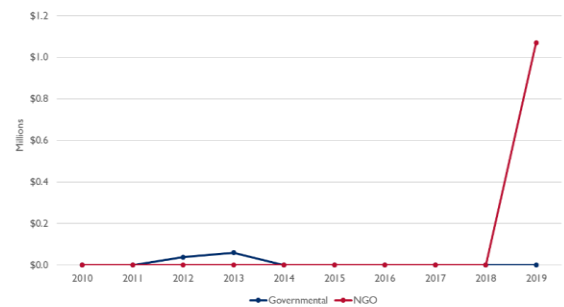


Exhibit 33. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to the Middle East, by Program Type, FY 2010–19¹⁶



¹⁶ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Worldwide Implant Contraceptive Shipments

After an increase in FY 2018, the quantity and value of contraceptive implants decreased across Africa, Asia, and the LAC region in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 34). The total delivered value of contraceptive implants was \$16.0 million in FY 2019, a decrease of 32 percent. A total of 17 countries requested implants, making implants the contraceptive with the highest value delivered among all contraceptives. This method was the second most requested contraceptive after oral contraceptives and injectable contraceptives. Of the countries requesting implants, 13 were from Africa, two from Asia, one from the LAC region (Haiti) and one from the Middle East region (Yemen) (see Exhibit 37).

Africa accounted for 95.5 percent of the delivered value of contraceptive implants in FY 2019, followed by the Middle East with 3.5 percent, Asia with 0.6 percent, and LAC with 0.4 percent (see Exhibit 35).

The five largest receiving countries accounted for 63 percent of the delivered value (see Exhibit 36).

They were Uganda (32 percent), Rwanda (10 percent), DRC, Mozambique, and Tanzania (each with 7 percent). The other 12 countries made up the remaining 37 percent.

Overall, quantities decreased by 33 percent from FY 2018 and delivered value decreased 32 percent (see Exhibit 37). Four of the top five receiving countries' quantities and values increased, except Tanzania whose quantities decreased by 60 percent, and delivered value decreased by 54 percent.

Burkina Faso and Niger ordered implants in FY 2019, whereas they did not order any in FY 2018. This was the first time in at least three years that Burkina Faso ordered implants.

Exhibit 34. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive Implant Delivered Quantities, FY 2010–19¹⁷

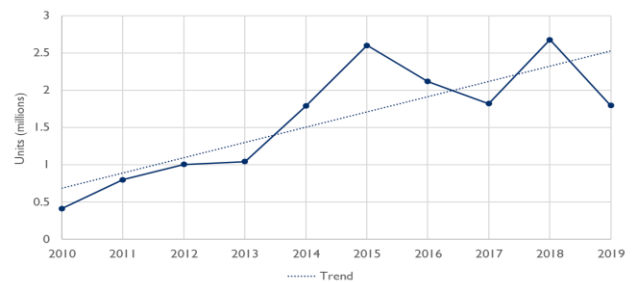


Exhibit 35 Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

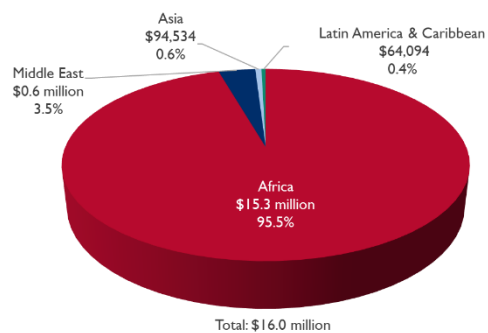
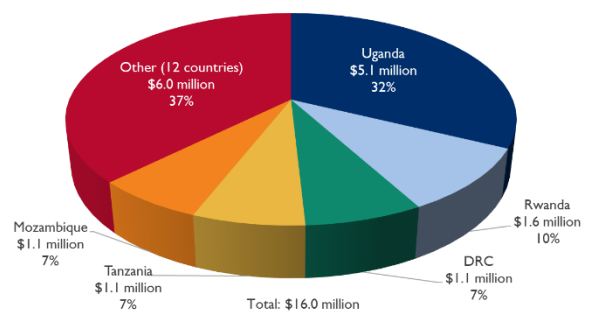


Exhibit 36. Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2019



¹⁷ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data

Ethiopia, Kenya, Liberia, and Madagascar did not order implants in FY 2019. Ghana and Nigeria had large decreases in delivered value of 60 percent and 58 percent, respectively.

In Asia, Bangladesh had a 29 percent decrease in quantity and value. Nepal ordered the same amount as the previous year.

Haiti's quantity and value decreased by 60 percent.

Yemen ordered implants for the first time in FY 2019.

Exhibit 37. Contraceptive Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19¹⁸

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
Burkina Faso	0	0	110,000	100%	0	0	985,088	100%
DRC	0	32,000	130,512	308%	0	297,159	1,147,047	286%
Ethiopia	473,976	350,000	0	-100%	1,199,710	3,067,888	0	-100%
Ghana	120,600	192,436	76,176	-60%	1,088,495	1,687,427	678,145	-60%
Kenya	127,000	341,532	0	-100%	724,887	2,945,014	0	-100%
Liberia	0	25,700	0	-100%	0	226,185	0	-100%
Madagascar	30,456	65,088	0	-100%	281,699	592,206	0	-100%
Malawi	18,000	140,408	77,348	-45%	157,271	1,243,654	688,786	-45%
Mali	181,000	117,700	71,400	-39%	1,567,094	1,032,157	623,656	-40%
Mozambique	321,516	33,252	113,268	241%	2,804,701	287,819	1,064,219	270%
Niger	27,600	0	58,248	100%	242,110	0	516,094	100%
Nigeria	116,700	264,800	110,800	-58%	1,014,768	2,328,640	969,839	-58%
Rwanda	32,300	171,480	178,860	4%	280,476	1,510,893	1,561,072	3%
Senegal	27,864	42,096	59,400	41%	245,251	368,336	516,302	40%
Tanzania	210,528	269,516	107,432	-60%	1,840,992	2,369,828	1,089,489	-54%
Togo	0	24,552	0	-100%	0	224,387	0	-100%
Uganda	90,000	550,376	589,600	7%	779,572	4,768,515	5,161,646	8%
Zambia	0	23,256	31,392	35%	0	210,606	295,017	40%
Total Africa	1,777,540	2,644,192	1,714,436	-35%	\$12,227,026	\$23,160,714	\$15,296,401	-34%
ASIA								
Bangladesh	35,000	12,000	8,500	-29%	303,708	106,570	75,439	-29%
Nepal	0	2,000	2,000	0%	0	19,357	19,095	-1%
Total Asia	35,000	14,000	10,500	-25%	\$303,708	\$125,927	\$94,534	-25%

¹⁸ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
LAC								
Haiti	7,900	17,900	7,100	-60%	72,659	158,980	64,094	-60%
Total LAC	7,900	17,900	7,100	-60%	\$72,659	\$158,980	\$64,094	-60%
Middle East								
Yemen	0	0	64,008	100%	0	0	557,323	100%
Total Middle East	0	0	64,008	100%	0	0	\$557,323	100%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	1,820,440	2,676,092	1,796,044	-33%	\$12,603,393	\$23,445,621	\$16,012,352	-32%

Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Shipments

The delivered value of injectable contraceptives to 18 countries was \$15.6 million. Two additional countries ordered this method than the previous year; however, the overall quantity and delivered value decreased from FY 2018.

Delivered value decreased among all three regions by 26 percent and quantity decreased 23 percent (see Exhibit 38). This was driven by global supply constraints restricting the availability of injectables and lengthening lead times, potentially pushing deliveries into subsequent fiscal years.

Injectable contraceptives had the highest number of countries ordering the product and the second highest total delivered value among all contraceptives behind implants. Despite an overall increase in orders of these products, ongoing supply constraints resulted in long lead times and limited the ability of USAID to deliver product in FY 2019.

Africa, Asia, and LAC requested injectable contraceptives in addition to the Middle East in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 39). Following the same trend from the last three years, Africa received the largest proportion by value in FY 2019, with 78 percent, followed by Asia (17 percent), LAC (4 percent), and the Middle East (1 percent).

Madagascar, Malawi, and Bangladesh are still among the five largest receiving countries, along with the addition of Nigeria and Rwanda (see Exhibit 40).

These countries accounted for 64 percent of the total delivered value of injectable contraceptives in FY 2019. Malawi and Bangladesh had decreases in delivered value (26 percent and 60 percent, respectively) (see Exhibit 41). However, Nigeria's value increased by 622 percent from FY 2018 and Madagascar by 28 percent.

Exhibit 38. Trends in Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2010–19¹⁹

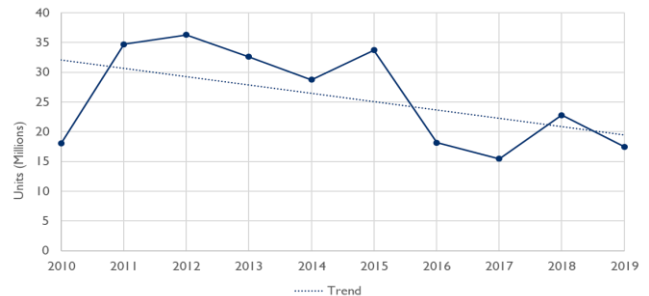


Exhibit 39. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

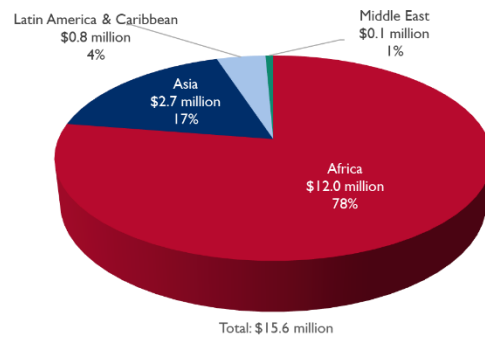
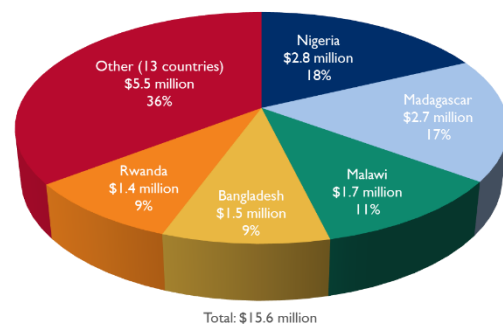


Exhibit 40. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2019



¹⁹ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018 are delivered shipment data.

This was the first time Rwanda ordered injectable contraceptives since FY 2016. Nigeria brought stock levels back up by placing a larger order in FY 2019 than FY 2018.

A total of 18 countries ordered injectable contraceptives, which was an increase compared to 16 countries in FY 2018. Although more countries are ordering, the value and quantities decreased from FY 2018.

Overall quantities and delivered value decreased in FY 2019 by 23 percent and 26 percent, respectively. Of the 18 countries, 10 had reductions in quantity and value ranging from seven percent to 100 percent. Africa decreased in value by 22 percent; Asia, by 40 percent; and LAC by 37 percent.

Afghanistan, Rwanda, Senegal, and Tanzania did not place orders in the previous two years but did in FY 2019. Yemen did not place orders in FY 2018 but did in FY 2019. Cameroon and Mozambique did not order injectable contraceptives in FY 2019.

Exhibit 41. Injectable Contraceptive Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19²⁰

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
Cameroon	0	100,000	0	-100%	0	99,178	0	-100%
Congo DRC	400,000	539,200	150,600	-72%	428,722	496,705	132,520	-73%
Ghana	0	2,556,800	723,200	-72%	0	2,284,786	676,184	-70%
Guinea	0	10,000	39,200	292%	0	10,167	52,197	413%
Liberia	368,800	365,200	338,800	-7%	310,901	335,102	312,793	-7%
Madagascar	814,400	2,248,400	3,510,400	56%	938,814	2,078,525	2,670,055	28%
Malawi	2,070,600	2,568,000	2,102,500	-18%	1,882,184	2,364,229	1,739,403	-26%
Mali	526,400	548,800	1,135,200	107%	485,973	552,820	1,074,433	94%
Mozambique	577,200	1,766,000	0	-100%	638,164	1,634,570	0	-100%
Nigeria	2,074,600	400,000	2,716,800	579%	2,049,546	386,615	2,791,413	622%
Rwanda	0	0	1,497,600	100%	0	0	1,403,702	100%
Senegal	0	0	330,595	100%	0	0	323,193	100%
Tanzania	0	0	514,400	100%	0	0	495,974	100%
Uganda	3,000,000	4,223,200	165,400	-96%	2,610,986	3,898,581	163,077	-96%
Zambia	375,000	1,370,000	250,800	-82%	571,575	1,249,756	240,492	-81%
Total Africa	10,207,000	16,695,600	13,475,495	-19%	\$9,916,865	\$15,391,034	\$12,075,436	-27%
ASIA								
Afghanistan	640,000	0	57,200	100%	612,206	0	57,319	100%
Bangladesh	2,754,000	3,914,980	1,640,000	-58%	2,430,407	3,598,471	1,454,919	-60%
Nepal	832,800	1,010,400	1,260,000	25%	724,235	955,719	1,211,354	27%
Total Asia	4,226,800	4,925,380	2,957,200	-40%	\$3,766,848	\$4,554,190	\$2,723,593	-67%

²⁰ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
LAC								
Haiti	1,041,200	1,170,000	934,500	-20%	894,900	1,072,776	675,106	-37%
Total LAC	1,041,200	1,170,000	934,500	-20%	\$894,900	\$1,072,776	\$675,106	-37%
Middle East								
Yemen	0	0	120,000	100%	0	0	105,840	100%
Total Middle East	0	0	120,000	100%	0	0	\$105,840	100%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	15,475,000	22,790,980	17,487,195	-23%	\$14,578,613	\$21,018,000	\$15,579,974	-26%

Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Shipments

Compared to FY 2018, oral contraceptives had a slight increase of 15 percent in delivered quantities and 10 percent in delivered value in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 42). Africa, LAC, and the Middle East made up the total delivered value of \$6 million going to 18 countries, three more countries than in FY 2018. Oral contraceptives and injectable contraceptives had the largest number of countries procuring these methods. Oral contraceptives had the third highest delivered value behind implants and injectable contraceptives.

Africa continues to make up the largest proportion of oral contraceptives with 89 percent, down from 98 percent in FY 2018 (see Exhibit 43). The LAC percentage increased from 2 percent to 5 percent in FY 2019 and the Middle East made up six percent. Asia did not order any oral contraceptives for the second year in a row.

A total of 18 countries requested oral contraceptives, including 16 countries from Africa, one from LAC (Haiti), and one from the Middle East (Yemen).

The top five countries, Zambia (the only top five country from last year), Mali, Senegal, Tanzania, and Malawi, made up 52 percent of delivered value (see Exhibits 44). Thirteen other countries made up the remaining 48 percent.

Oral contraceptive value increased 10 percent globally and quantities increased 15 percent. Over the past 10 years, fluctuations in oral contraceptive deliveries have diminished, partly due to expanded access to other methods such as LARCs (see Exhibit 45).

Exhibit 42. Trends in Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2010–19²¹

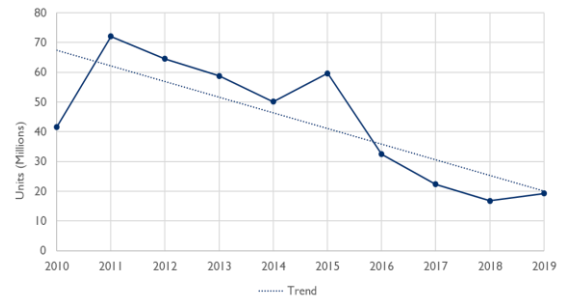


Exhibit 43. Oral Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

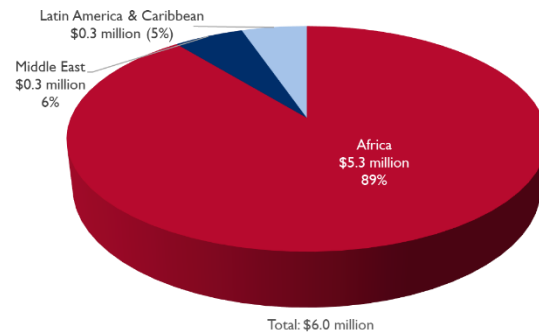
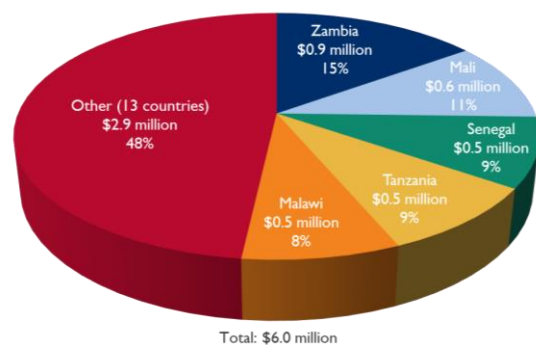


Exhibit 44. Oral Contraceptives Delivered Value, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2019



²¹ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

A portion of the increase in FY 2019 can be attributed to increases in all of the five top countries plus increases by five other countries (Guinea, Haiti, Liberia, Nigeria, and Rwanda). Also, Benin, Mauritania, and Yemen ordered in FY 2019, but did not in the previous year. Africa had only a 0.1 percent decrease from the previous year while LAC had a 265 percent increase and the Middle East had a 100 percent increase.

Values decreased in DRC, Ghana, Madagascar, Mozambique, and Uganda, ranging from 26 percent to 95 percent.

Togo was the only country that ordered in FY 2018, but not in FY 2019. Afghanistan and Burkina Faso did not order for the second year in a row.

Exhibit 45. Oral Contraceptive Values and Quantities Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19²²

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
Benin	358,000	0	259,200	100%	115,333	0	102,845	100%
Burkina Faso	75,000	0	0	0%	25,583	0	0	0%
DRC	1,000,000	1,026,000	417,600	-59%	296,700	384,235	160,994	-58%
Ghana	621,360	2,411,960	1,457,280	-40%	198,254	727,002	415,567	-43%
Guinea	0	12,960	133,920	933%	0	5,025	36,000	616%
Liberia	0	172,080	462,960	169%	0	68,883	136,999	99%
Madagascar	0	2,244,240	1,656,320	-26%	0	644,676	479,542	-26%
Malawi	379,440	804,240	1,466,640	82%	122,494	286,695	487,422	70%
Mali	1,805,760	761,040	2,062,480	171%	540,392	260,102	618,430	138%
Mauritania	0	0	5,400	100%	0	0	3,574	100%
Mozambique	2,440,080	2,435,760	894,240	-63%	735,048	778,528	332,008	-57%
Nigeria	2,934,000	797,760	1,078,560	35%	932,180	302,392	317,509	5%
Rwanda	0	190,080	746,640	293%	0	72,873	208,461	186%
Senegal	0	0	1,433,120	100%	0	0	546,732	100%
Tanzania	4,368,240	800,640	1,999,728	150%	1,291,093	253,993	538,575	112%
Togo	43,000	57,600	0	-100%	15,733	27,743	0	-100%
Uganda	4,016,000	2,304,000	95,760	-96%	1,224,238	728,117	34,505	-95%
Zambia	1,008,000	2,493,720	2,974,320	19%	300,803	784,722	899,078	15%
Total Africa	19,048,880	16,512,080	17,144,168	4%	\$5,797,851	\$5,324,986	\$5,318,239	-0.1%
ASIA								
Afghanistan	2,625,000	0	0	0	994,576	0	0	0%
Total Asia	2,625,000	0	0	0	\$994,576	0	0	0

²² FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
LAC								
Haiti	719,280	288,000	1,051,344	265%	208,885	85,977	313,835	265%
Total LAC	719,280	288,000	1,051,344	265%	\$208,885	\$85,977	\$313,835	265%
Middle East								
Yemen	0	0	1,077,600	100%	0	0	335,868	100%
Middle East Total	0	0	1,077,600	100%	0	0	\$335,868	100%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	22,393,160	16,800,080	19,273,112	15%	\$7,001,312	\$5,410,963	\$5,967,942	10%

Worldwide Male Condom Shipments

As noted previously, only condoms procured for FP programs are reported here. Condom procurement management has transitioned from OPRH to OHA and, therefore, condoms shipped through PEPFAR are not part of this report. Please note that FY 2017–2019 data reflect only FP-funded male condoms, while FY 2016 and the years prior reflect FP- and PEPFAR-funded male condoms. This accounts for the significant downward trend in male condom quantities presented in the historical shipment trend through FY 2018 (see Exhibit 46). In FY 2019, orders of male condoms began to stabilize with increases of 35 percent in delivered value and 32 percent in quantities. A total of seven countries ordered \$1.1 million in male condoms.

Africa made up 91 percent of delivered value, followed by Asia (8 percent) and the Middle East (1 percent) (see Exhibit 47). The LAC region did not order male condoms.

Liberia (31 percent) and Rwanda (24 percent) made up over half of the male condom delivered value. Ghana (19 percent), Mauritania (11 percent), Nepal (9 percent), Senegal (5 percent), and Yemen (1 percent) made up the remaining value (see Exhibit 48).

The Africa and Middle East regions saw increases in value (61 and 100 percent, respectively) and quantity (52 and 100 percent, respectively), while Asia decreased in value by 52 percent and in quantity by 41 percent (see Exhibit 49).

Of the five countries ordering male condoms in Africa, only two countries, Ghana and Rwanda, ordered in FY 2018.

Exhibit 46. Trends in Worldwide Male Condom Delivered Quantities, FY 2010–19²³

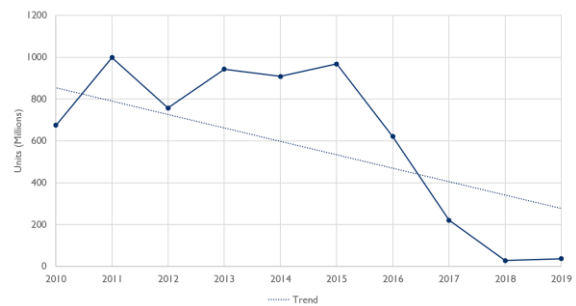


Exhibit 47. Male Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

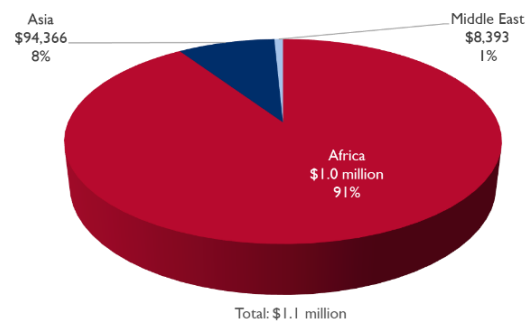
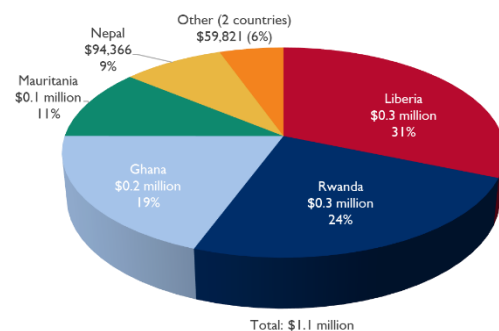


Exhibit 48. Male Condom Delivered Value Worldwide by Receiving Countries, FY 2019



²³ FY 2010–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Ghana ordered the same quantities as last year, but the value rose by 22 percent due to an increase in the cost of the product and the shipping. Rwanda's quantities increased by 3 percent while their value delivered decreased by 13 percent. Liberia and Mauritania ordered in FY 2019 but not in FY 2018.

Senegal procured male condoms for the first time since FY 2016.

Similar to last year, Nepal was the only country in Asia that ordered male condoms, and their value decreased for the second year by 52 percent. Yemen ordered for the first time.

Exhibit 49. Male Condom Quantities and Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19²⁴

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
Cote d'Ivoire	19,503,000	0	0	0	659,645	0	0	0%
eSwatini	3,981,000	0	0	0	129,191	0	0	0%
Ethiopia	69,000,000	0	0	0	2,131,927	0	0	0%
Ghana	0	7,500,000	7,500,000	0%	0	174,090	212,208	22%
Kenya	144,000	0	0	0	9,533	0	0	0%
Liberia	2,004,000	0	12,000,000	100%	71,254	0	343,069	100%
Madagascar	0	5,001,000	0	-100%	0	135,978	0	-100%
Malawi	2,001,000	0	0	0	83,987	0	0	0%
Mali	11,076,000	0	0	0	370,230	0	0	0%
Mauritania	0	0	3,117,000	100%	0	0	119,653	100%
Rwanda	11,568,900	9,402,000	9,684,000	3%	306,076	306,847	267,288	-13%
Senegal	0	0	1,041,000	100%	0	0	51,428	100%
Togo	1,020,000	0	0	0	35,554	0	0	0%
Uganda	13,710,000	0	0	0	463,028	0	0	0%
Zambia	10,005,000	0	0	0	339,040	0	0	0%
Zimbabwe	32,184,000	0	0	0	807,055	0	0	0%
Total Africa	19,048,880	16,512,080	17,144,168	4%	\$5,797,851	\$5,324,986	\$5,318,239	0%
ASIA								
Afghanistan	11,250,000	0	0	0	395,325	0	0	0%
Nepal	8,340,000	6,120,000	3,600,000	-41%	316,585	195,908	94,366	-52%
Tajikistan	501,000	0	0	0	24,025	0	0	0%
Asia Total	20,091,000	6,120,000	3,600,000	-41%	\$735,935	\$195,908	\$94,366	-52%
LAC								
Haiti	25,002,000	0	0	0	823,604	0	0	0%
Total LAC	25,002,000	0	0	0	\$823,604	0	0	0

²⁴ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
Middle East								
Yemen	0	0	180,000	100%	0	0	8,393	100%
Middle East Total	0	0	180,000	100%	0	0	\$8,393	100%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	221,289,900	28,023,000	37,122,000	32%	\$6,966,059	\$812,823	\$1,096,405	35%

Worldwide Standard Days Method Shipments

The total delivered value of the Standard Days Method to three countries in FY 2019 was \$176,529, a decrease of 71 percent. This method had the second lowest number of countries procuring this product.

Similar to FY 2018, Africa was the only region that ordered the Standard Days Method in FY 2019 (see Exhibit 50). Tanzania made up 94 percent of delivered value, with Liberia and Rwanda each accounting for 3 percent. Tanzania was the only country that ordered in both FY 2018 and FY 2019, and their value increased by 462 percent (see Exhibit 51). Liberia and Rwanda ordered in FY 2019, but not the previous year. Benin, DRC, and Nigeria ordered last year but not in FY 2019.

Exhibit 50. Standard Days Method Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2019

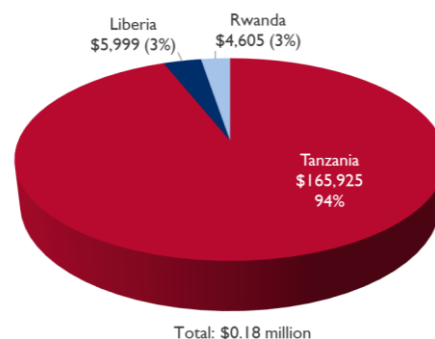


Exhibit 51. Standard Days Method Quantities and Values Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19²⁵

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
Benin	0	1,000	0	-100%	0	2,066	0	-100%
DRC	0	175,500	0	-100%	0	287,806	0	-100%
Liberia	0	0	2,500	100%	0	0	5,999	100%
Nigeria	0	159,000	0	-100%	0	292,545	0	-100%
Rwanda	0	0	1,500	100%	0	0	4,604	100%
Tanzania	0	15,000	108,000	620%	0	29,550	165,925	462%
Total Africa	0	350,500	112,000	-68%	\$0	\$611,967	\$176,529	-71%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	0	350,500	112,000	-68%	\$0	\$611,967	\$176,529	-71%

²⁵ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data

Worldwide Intrauterine Device Shipments

Quantity and value delivered continue to trend upward for IUDs for the second year in a row (see Exhibit 52). This may signal a pattern of stabilization after Pakistan shifted to procuring its own products and as countries draw down on existing inventory. The total delivered value of IUDs to eight countries in the Africa, Asia, and Middle East regions was \$236,577 in FY 2019, an increase of 38 percent. This contraceptive made up the second-smallest total delivered value of all methods delivered, which corresponds with this traditionally low-volume and low-demand product.

Africa accounted for 80 percent of delivered value, followed by the Middle East (12 percent) and Asia (8 percent) (see Exhibit 53). LAC procured in FY 2018, but did not procure IUDs in FY 2019. The same number of countries procured as last year (see Exhibit 55).

The five major receiving countries comprised 90 percent of the delivered value. Tanzania accounted for 43 percent; Uganda, 19 percent; Yemen, 12 percent; Mozambique, 9 percent; and DRC, 7 percent (see Exhibit 54). The remaining three countries (Bangladesh, Liberia, and Nepal) made up the remaining 10 percent.

The quantity and value of IUDs increased by 102 percent and 38 percent, respectively, over the previous year (see Exhibit 55). In the African region, orders from the five countries that ordered IUDs increased by 17 percent. Only DRC and Mozambique ordered again in FY 2019; the quantity and value decreased in both countries. Three countries, Liberia, Tanzania, and Uganda placed orders, but did not the previous two years. Guinea, Madagascar, Mali, Senegal, and Haiti ordered IUDs in FY 2018 not but in FY 2019.

Exhibit 52. Trends in Worldwide Intrauterine Copper Device Quantities, FY 2010–19²⁶

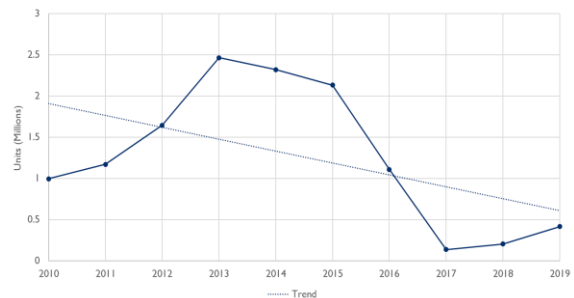


Exhibit 53. Intrauterine Copper Device Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

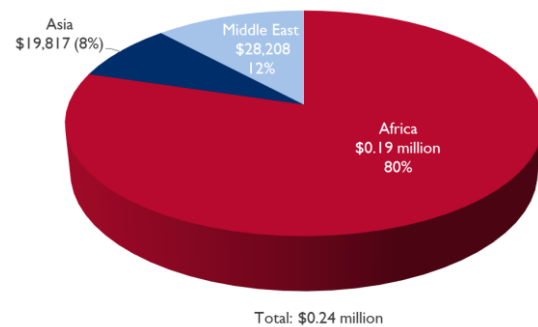
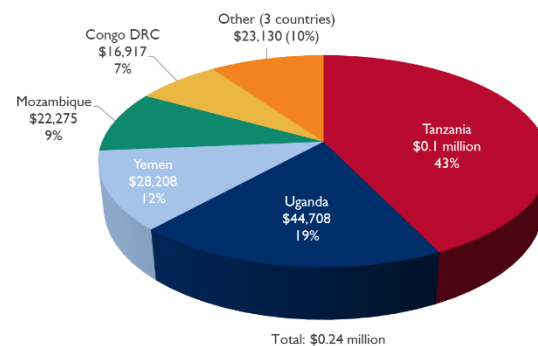


Exhibit 54. Intrauterine Copper Device Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2019



²⁶ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Unlike other contraceptives, this method may have a slower consumption rate for several reasons: it has a longer shelf life due to the length of couple-years of protection provided, which may partly

contribute to the lower number of countries procuring from year to year, and the client is required to see a provider before accessing this method, making it a less popular option.

Exhibit 55. Intrauterine Copper Device Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2017–19²⁷

Country	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2018–19 (%)	FY 2017 (\$)	FY 2018 (\$)	FY 2019 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2018–19 (%)
AFRICA		Quantity				Value		
DRC	0	12,000	25,800	115%	0	18,397	16,917	-8%
Ghana	4,500	0	0	0%	4,031	0	0	0%
Guinea	0	17,100	0	-100%	0	13,026	0	-100%
Kenya	300	0	0	0%	1,178	0	0	0%
Liberia	0	0	3,900	100%	0	0	3,313	100%
Madagascar	0	39,000	0	-100%	0	21,589	0	-100%
Malawi	6,000	0	0	0%	5,855	0	0	0%
Mali	12,600	18,000	0	-100%	10,892	16,919	0	-100%
Mozambique	38,100	83,000	29,400	-65%	36,920	69,161	22,275	-68%
Nigeria	64,500	0	0	0%	45,533	0	0	0%
Senegal	0	24,900	0	-100%	0	22,321	0	-100%
Tanzania	0	0	191,400	100%	0	0	101,338	100%
Uganda	0	0	105,300	100%	0	0	44,708	100%
Total Africa	126,000	194,000	355,800	83%	\$104,409	\$161,413	\$188,552	17%
ASIA								
Bangladesh	10,200	10,200	22,800	124%	8,939	7,793	16,174	108%
Nepal	0	0	3,000	100%	0	0	3,643	100%
Asia Total	10,200	10,200	25,800	153%	\$8,939	\$7,793	\$19,817	154%
LAC								
Haiti	0	1,200	0	-100%	0	1,824	0	-100%
LAC Total	0	1,200	0	-100%	\$0	\$1,824	\$0	-100%
Middle East								
Yemen	0	0	33,000	100%	0	0	28,208	100%
Total Middle East	0	0	33,000	100%	0	0	\$28,208	100%
TOTAL WORLDWIDE	136,200	205,400	414,600	102%	\$113,348	\$171,030	\$236,577	38%

²⁷ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Worldwide Female Condom Shipments

In FY 2019, a small number of orders were placed for female condoms (see Exhibit 56). The total number of female condoms delivered was 63,000, and the value was \$36,063 to two countries, Mauritania and Yemen.

The Middle East accounted for 96 percent of the value and Africa made up the remaining amount (see Exhibit 57). Yemen's female condom value was \$34,472 and Mauritania's was \$1,590 (see Exhibit 58).

Exhibit 56. Trends in Worldwide Female Condom Quantities, FY 2010–19²⁸

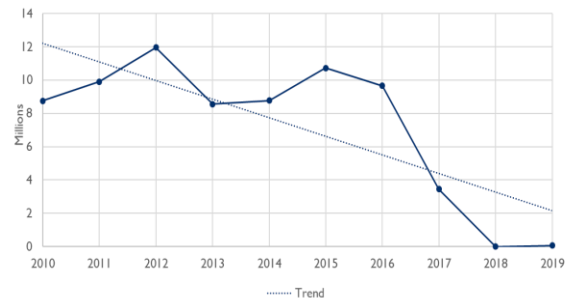


Exhibit 57. Female Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2019

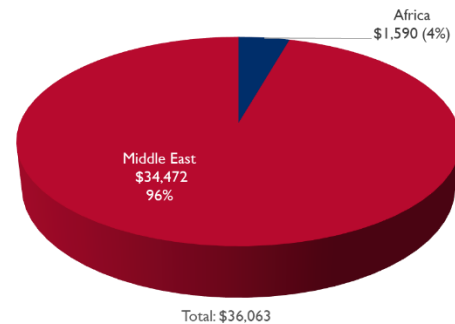
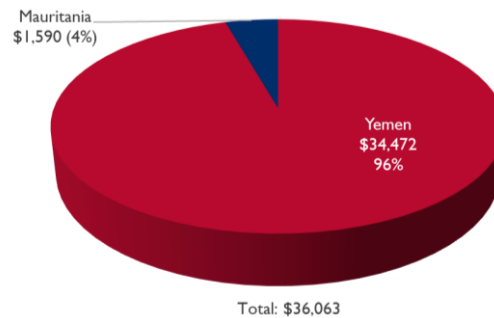


Exhibit 58. Female Condom Delivered Value Worldwide, Top two Receiving Countries, FY 2019



²⁸ FY 2017 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–19 are delivered shipment data.

Conclusion

The following provides a summary and highlights from the *FY 2019 Contraceptive and Condom Shipments* report:

- The overall total delivered value for contraceptives and condoms decreased by 24 percent in FY 2019 to \$39.1 million from \$51.5 million in FY 2018. The total number of countries ordering, 23, remained the same as last year.
- Contraceptive implants and injectable contraceptives:
 - Continue to account for the highest value, accounting for 81 percent of the total delivered value.
 - Are the main drivers behind the decrease in total contraceptive and condom value, with contraceptive value decreasing by 32 percent and condom value by 26 percent.
 - Accounted for 96 percent and 78 percent, respectively, in the Africa region, and saw a delivered value decrease of 34 percent and 22 percent, respectively.
 - Are the most requested commodities. Of 23 countries ordering these methods in FY 2019, 17 countries ordered contraceptive implants and 18 ordered injectable contraceptives.
- Trends correspond with the larger global shift toward LARC methods.
- Africa continues to account for the highest delivered value among all regions and for all methods except for the Standard Days Method and female condoms. The region accounts for 87 percent of the total delivered value. In FY 2018, Africa accounted for 88 percent of total delivered value.
- Africa's delivered value decreased by 25 percent to \$34.1 million in FY 2019 from \$45.3 million in FY 2018.
- Asia's delivered value decreased again in FY 2019 by 40 percent, reflecting USAID's shift toward technical assistance and away from procurement in this region as national government funds are made available for commodity procurement.
- With many LAC countries graduating from USAID, the LAC region's delivered value continued to diminish. In FY 2019 it decreased by 20 percent versus 34 percent in FY 2018.
- Yemen ordered contraceptives and male and female condoms for the first time with contraceptive implants accounting for the highest value.
- The delivered value increased for IUDs (38 percent), male condoms (35 percent), and oral contraceptives (10 percent) but decreased for the Standard Days Method (71 percent).
- Implants accounted for the majority value delivered in the Africa region.
- Injectable contraceptives were the highest delivered value method for Asia and the LAC region.
- Oral contraceptives were the second highest delivered value for LAC and the Middle East.
- Government programs remain the largest recipient of commodities, decreasing by only 2 percent. When comparing FY 2019 and FY 2018, governments accounted for 70 percent versus 54 percent; SMOs made up 27 percent versus 24 percent; and NGOs accounted for 3 percent versus 22 percent.

Annex A. Worldwide Contraceptives and Condoms Delivered by Region and Method, FY 2019

Method	Africa		Asia		LAC		Middle East		Total	
	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity
Contraceptive Implants	\$15,296,401	1,714,436	\$94,534	10,500	\$64,094	7,100	\$557,323	64,008	\$16,012,352	1,796,044
Injectable Contraceptives	\$12,075,436	13,475,495	\$2,723,593	2,957,200	\$675,106	934,500	\$105,840	120,000	\$15,579,974	17,487,195
Intrauterine Devices	\$188,552	355,800	\$19,817	25,800	0	0	\$28,208	33,000	\$236,577	414,600
Male Condoms	\$993,646	33,342,000	\$94,366	3,600,000	0	0	\$8,393	180,000	\$1,096,405	37,122,000
Oral Contraceptives	\$5,318,239	17,144,168	0	0	\$313,835	1,051,344	\$335,868	1,077,600	\$5,967,942	19,273,112
Standard Days Method	\$176,529	112,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$176,529	112,000
Female Condoms	\$1,590	3,000	0	0	0	0	\$34,472	60,000	\$36,063	63,000
Total	\$34,050,393	---	\$2,932,310	---	\$1,053,035	---	\$1,070,104	---	\$39,105,842	---

Annex B. Quantity of Contraceptives and Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2019

Country	Contraceptive Implants	Injectable Contraceptives	Intrauterine Devices	Male Condoms	Oral Contraceptives	Standard Days Method	Female Condoms
Afghanistan	0	57,200	0	0	0	0	0
Bangladesh	8,500	1,640,000	22,800	0	0	0	0
Benin	0	0	0	0	259,200	0	0
Burkina Faso	110,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
Congo DRC	130,512	150,600	25,800	0	417,600	0	0
Ghana	76,176	723,200	0	7,500,000	1,457,280	0	0
Guinea	0	39,200	0	0	133,920	0	0
Haiti	7,100	934,500	0	0	1,051,344	0	0
Liberia	0	338,800	3,900	12,000,000	462,960	2,500	0
Madagascar	0	3,510,400	0	0	1,656,320	0	0
Malawi	77,348	2,102,500	0	0	1,466,640	0	0
Mali	71,400	1,135,200	0	0	2,062,480	0	0
Mauritania	0	0	0	3,117,000	5,400	0	3,000
Mozambique	113,268	0	29,400	0	894,240	0	0
Nepal	2,000	1,260,000	3,000	3,600,000	0	0	0
Niger	58,248	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nigeria	110,800	2,716,800	0	0	1,078,560	0	0
Rwanda	178,860	1,497,600	0	9,684,000	746,640	1,500	0
Senegal	59,400	330,595	0	1,041,000	1,433,120	0	0
Tanzania	107,432	514,400	191,400	0	1,999,728	108,000	0
Uganda	589,600	165,400	105,300	0	95,760	0	0
Yemen	64,008	120,000	33,000	180,000	1,077,600	0	60,000
Zambia	31,392	250,800	0	0	2,974,320	0	0
Total	1,796,044	17,487,195	414,600	7,122,000	19,273,112	112,000	63,000

Annex C. Value of Contraceptives and Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2019

Country	Contraceptive Implants	Injectable Contraceptives	Intrauterine Devices	Male Condoms	Oral Contraceptives	Standard Days Method	Female Condoms	Grand Total
Afghanistan	0	\$57,319	0	0	0	0	0	\$57,319
Bangladesh	\$75,439	\$1,454,919	\$16,174	0	0	0	0	\$1,546,532
Benin	0	0	0	0	\$102,845	0	0	\$102,845
Burkina Faso	\$985,088	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$985,088
Congo DRC	\$1,147,047	\$132,521	\$16,917	0	\$160,994	0	0	\$1,457,478
Ghana	\$678,145	\$676,184	0	\$212,208	\$415,567	0	0	\$1,982,105
Guinea	0	\$52,197	0	0	\$36,000	0	0	\$88,197
Haiti	\$64,094	\$675,106	0	0	\$313,835	0	0	\$1,053,035
Liberia	0	\$312,793	\$3,313	\$343,069	\$136,999	\$5,999	0	\$802,174
Madagascar	0	\$2,670,055	0	0	\$479,542	0	0	\$3,149,597
Malawi	\$688,786	\$1,739,403	0	0	\$487,422	0	0	\$2,915,612
Mali	\$623,656	\$1,074,433	0	0	\$618,430	0	0	\$2,316,519
Mauritania	0	0	0	\$119,653	\$3,574	0	\$1,590	\$124,817
Mozambique	\$1,064,219	0	\$22,275	0	\$332,008	0	0	\$1,418,502
Nepal	\$19,095	\$1,211,354	\$3,643	\$94,366	0	0	0	\$1,328,459
Niger	\$516,094	0	0	0	0	0	0	\$516,094
Nigeria	\$969,839	\$2,791,413	0	0	\$317,509	0	0	\$4,078,761
Rwanda	\$1,561,072	\$1,403,702	0	\$267,288	\$208,461	\$4,605	0	\$3,445,127
Senegal	\$516,302	\$323,193	0	\$51,428	\$546,732	0	0	\$1,437,655
Tanzania	\$1,089,489	\$495,974	\$101,338	0	\$538,575	\$165,925	0	\$2,391,301
Uganda	\$5,161,646	\$163,077	\$44,708	0	\$34,505	0	0	\$5,403,935
Yemen	\$557,323	\$105,840	\$28,208	\$8,393	\$335,868	0	\$34,472	\$1,070,104
Zambia	\$295,017	\$240,492	0	0	\$899,078	0	0	\$1,434,587
Total	\$16,012,352	\$15,579,974	\$236,577	\$1,096,405	\$5,967,942	\$176,529	\$36,063	\$39,105,842

Annex D. Value of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments by Program Type, by Region, FY 2019

Region	Government	NGO	SMO	Grand Total
Africa	\$26,441,687	\$163,077	\$7,445,628	\$34,050,393
Asia	0	\$57,319	\$2,874,991	\$2,932,310
Latin America & Caribbean	\$888,779	0	\$164,257	\$1,053,035
Middle East	0	\$1,070,104	0	\$1,070,104
Total	\$27,330,466	\$1,290,500	\$10,484,876	\$39,105,842